INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 4759-1

> Second edition 2000-11-15

Tolerances for fasteners —

Part 1:

Bolts, screws, studs and nuts — Product grades A, B and C

Tolérances des éléments de fixation —

Partie 1: Vis, goujons et écrous — Grades A, B et C



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Contents Page Foreword iv 1 Scope 1 2 Normative references 2 3 Tolerances for metric bolts, screws and studs 3 4 Tolerances for metric nuts 25 5 Tolerances for tapping screws 36 Annex A (informative) Tolerances 44 Annex B (informative) Examples of dimensioned and toleranced fasteners 46 Annex C (informative) Examples of gauges and other measuring devices 49

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives. Part 3.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this part of ISO 4759 may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard ISO 4759-1 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 2, Fasteners, Subcommittee SC 7, Reference Standards for fasteners (mainly covering terminology, dimensioning, sizes and tolerancing).

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 4759-1:1978), which has been technically revised.

ISO 4759 consists of the following parts, under the general title Tolerances for fasteners:

- Part 1: Bolts, screws, studs and nuts Product grades A, B and C
- Part 3: Plain washers for bolts, screws ans nuts Product grades A and C

Annexes A to C of this part of ISO 4759 are for information only.

Tolerances for fasteners —

Part 1:

Bolts, screws, studs and nuts — Product grades A, B and C

1 Scope

This part of ISO 4759 specifies a selection of tolerances for bolts, screws, studs and nuts with ISO metric threads and with product grades A, B and C and for tapping screws with product grade A.

NOTE The product grades refer to the size of the tolerances where grade A is the most precise and grade C is the least precise.

The tolerances, except tolerances for threads, are selected from the system of limits and fits specified in ISO 286-1 and ISO 286-2. The tolerances for metric threads are taken from the series of tolerance classes specified in ISO 965-3. The tolerances for tapping screw threads are covered in ISO 1478.

The tolerances of form and position are specified and indicated in accordance with ISO 1101, ISO 8015 and ISO 2692.

The tolerances specified in this part of ISO 4759 apply to fasteners prior to coating unless otherwise specified. See also ISO 4042.

Deviations from the tolerances specified in this part of ISO 4759 are only permitted in product standards where there are valid technical reasons. In cases where there is a difference between the tolerance requirements in this part of ISO 4759 and the product standard, the product standard takes precedence.

It is recommended that these tolerances also be used for non-standard fasteners.

Dimensions and tolerances given in this part of ISO 4759 are in millimetres.

2 Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 4759. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 4759 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 225:1983, Fasteners — Bolts, screws, studs and nuts — Symbols and designation of dimensions.

ISO 286-1:1988, ISO system of limits and fits — Part 1: Bases of tolerances, deviations and fits.

ISO 286-2:1988, ISO system of limits and fits — Part 2: Tables of standard tolerance grades and limit deviations for holes and shafts.

ISO 885:2000, General purpose bolts and screws — Metric series — Radii under the head.

ISO 965-3:1998, ISO general purpose metric screw threads — Tolerances — Part 3: Deviations for constructional screw threads.

ISO 1101:2000, Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) — Geometrical tolerancing — Tolerances of form, orientation, location and run-out.

ISO 1478:1999, Tapping screws thread.

ISO 1479:1983, Hexagon head tapping screws.

ISO 2692:1988, Technical drawings — Geometrical tolerancing — Maximum material principle.

ISO 4032:1999, Hexagon nuts, style 1 — Product grades A and B.

ISO 4042:1999, Fasteners — Electroplated coatings.

ISO 4757:1983, Cross recesses for screws.

ISO 7053:1992, Hexagon washer head tapping screws.

ISO 7721:1983, Countersunk head screws — Head configuration and gauging.

ISO 8015:1985, Technical drawings — Fundamental tolerancing principle.

ISO 10509:1992, Hexagon flange head tapping screws.

ISO 10642:1997, Hexagon socket countersunk head screws.

ISO 10664:1999, Hexalobular internal driving feature for bolts and screws.

3 Tolerances for metric bolts, screws and studs

3.1 Dimensional tolerances

Symbols and designations of dimensions are specified in ISO 225.

Facture	T	olerance for	r product gra	des	Notes
Feature	Α		В	С	Notes
3.1.1 Tolerance level					
Shank and bearing surface	clo	se	close	wide	
Other features	clo	se	wide	wide	
3.1.2 External thread	6g		6g	8g (but 6g for property class 8.8 and higher)	For certain products and coatings, other tolerance classes for threads may be specified in the relevant product and coating standards.
3.1.3 Driving features					
3.1.3.1 External	S	Tolerance	s	Tolerance	
Zatoma:	≤ 30	h13	≤ 18	h14	
3.1.3.1.1 Width across flats	> 30	h14	> 18 ≤ 60	h15	
			> 60 ≤ 180	h16	
S S			> 180	h17	
Figure 1					
s					
Figure 2					

Facture	To	olerance for	r product gra	des	Notes
Feature	Α	В	(Notes
3.1.3.1.2 Width across corners	e _{min} = 1,1		$1,13 s_{min}$	with flange	
	and other cold forged heads without trimming operation				
Figure 3		Ι	1		
e		e _{min} =	 1,3 s _{min} 		
Figure 4					
3.1.3.1.3 Height of head			k	Tolerance	
	js14	js15	< 10	js16	
			≥ 10	js17	
Figure 5					

	Tolerance for	r product grad	des	
Feature	A	. в	С	Notes
	For hexagon bolts and s defined only as a maxim	screws with fla	nge, k is	
Figure 6				
3.1.3.1.4 Wrenching height	^k w ^a min	= 0,7 k _{min}		kw defines the length over which emin applies but excluding any chamfer, washer face or radius specified in the appropriate product standard. The formulae for kw min only apply to the products illustrated. The symbol kw replaces the previously used k'.
	$k_{\text{wmin}}^{\text{b}} = 0.7 \left[(k_{\text{max}} - \text{IT15}) - \right]$	`	/1	^b For gauging, see annex A of the product standards
	x is the greater of c_{mi}	$_{\rm in}$ $ imes$ 1,25 or $c_{\rm mi}$	_{in} + 0,4	
	δ is the flange angle			
	Dimensions k_{W}^{a} , k , d_{W} , e with ISO 225.	and δ are in a	accordance	
Figure 8		δ		
	Figi	ure 8 a)		

Factoria	Т	olerance for	product grad	des	Notes
Feature	Α		В	С	Notes
3.1.3.2 Internal					
3.1.3.2.1 Hexagon sockets	e _{min} = 1	,14 s _{min}			
	s	Tolerance			
	0,7	EF8			
	0,9	JS9			
	1,3	K9			
	1,5				
'	2	D11	_	_	
s	2,5	D11			
Figure 0	3				
Figure 9	4	E11			
	5				
	6				
	8	E12			
	10				
	12				
	14				
	> 14	D12			
3.1.3.2.2 Slots					
	n	Tolerance			Tolerance field
	≼ 1	+ 0,20			C13 for <i>n</i> ≤ 1
		+ 0,06			
	> 1 ≤ 3	+ 0,31			C14 for <i>n</i> > 1
c		+ 0,06			
	> 3 ≤ 6	+ 0,37			
		+ 0,07	_	_	
7° max.					
7° max.					
Figure 10					

	Tolerance for			
Feature	A	В	С	Notes
3.1.3.2.3 Depth of hexagon sockets and slots Figure 11	The depth of hexagon sockets and slots is specified in product standards only as a minimum. It is restricted by the minimum wall thickness w.	_	_	For the time being generally applicable tolerances cannot be specified.
3.1.3.2.4 Cross recesses	See ISO 4757 for all dir etration depths. For per appropriate product sta	netration depth		
3.1.3.2.5 Hexalobular recesses	See ISO 10664 for all detration depths. For per appropriate product sta	netration depth		
3.1.4 Other features				
3.1.4.1 Head diameter	h13 ^a	_	_	^a ±IT13 for knurled heads
Figure 12				
, and the second			Combined control of diameter and height for countersunk head screws in accordance with ISO 7721 or	
Figure 13	h14	_	_	ISO 10642.

Feature	Tolera	nce for product	grades	Notes
reature	A	В	С	Notes
3.1.4.2 Head height (except for hexagon heads)				
	≼ M5: h13	-		
	> M5: h14			
Figure 14				
	For countersunk product standard			Combined control of diameter and height for countersunk head screws in accordance with ISO 7721 or ISO 10642.
Figure 15				
3.1.4.3 Bearing face diameter and	$d_{\text{w min}} = s_{\text{min}} - \text{IT}$	16 for width acros	ss flats < 21 mm	For product
height of washer-faced portion	$d_{\text{w min}} = 0.95 s_{\text{min}}$	for width across	flats ≥ 21 mm	grade C a washer face is
X	$d_{\text{w max}} = s_{\text{actual}}$			not mandatory.
	Thread diameter	min.	max.	
	≥ 1,6 to 2,5	0,10	0,25	
^c	> 2,5 to 4	0,15	0,40	
	> 4 to 6	0,15	0,50	
	> 6 to 14	0,15	0,60	
	> 14 to 36	0,20	0,80	
0,1	> 36	0,30	1,0	
X				
a Reference datum for d _w				
Figure 16				

_	Tolera	nce for p	product gra	ades		
Feature	A		В	С	Notes	
×						
0,1 X	$d_{ m W}$ is defined in prinimum.					
a Reference datum for $d_{\mathbf{w}}$						
Figure 17						
		Thread d_{w}				
X D	diameter			min.	A only	
φ	>		,5			
	2,5			$d_{\text{k min}} - 0.14$ $d_{\text{k min}} - 0.25$		
a 0,1	5		0	$d_{\text{k min}} = 0,23$ $d_{\text{k min}} = 0,4$		
X	10		6	d _{k min} – 0,5		
	16		4	d _{k min} – 0,8		
a Reference datum for d _w	24	3	6	<i>d</i> _{k min} − 1		
Figure 18	36	_	_	$d_{\rm k~min}$ – 1,2		
	$d_{\rm a}$ for products win ISO 885.	da for undercut products, see the appropriate product standard.				
Figure 19						

Feature A B C Notes 3.1.4.4 Length	Facture	Tolerance for	r product grad	Tolerance for product grades					
	reature	Α	В	С	Notes				
js15 js17 l>150:±IT17	3.1.4.4 Length								
Figure 20	Figure 20	js15	js17						

	Tolerance for	product grad	des	
Feature	Α	В	С	Notes
3.1.4.5 Thread length				P is the pitch of thread.
Bolt				$l_{\rm S}$ is the minimum length of the unthreaded (plain) shank.
l _s b	b +2P 0	<i>b</i> +2 <i>P</i> 0	b +2P 0	I _g is the maximum length of the unthreaded shank (thread run-out included) and is therefore the minimum clamping length.
Stud	b +2P 0	b +2P 0	b +2P 0	Tolerance + 2 P related to dimension b applies only where l_s and l_g are not specified in the product standard.
b _m b	<i>b</i> +2 <i>P</i> 0 0 b _m js16	b+2P 0 b _m js17	<i>b</i> +2 <i>P</i> 0 0 <i>b</i> _m js17	$b_{ m m}$ refers to metal end of studs only.
Figure 21				
3.1.4.6 Shank diameter				
S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	h13	h14	± IT 15	The tolerance is not applicable in the areas of the underhead fillet and thread run-out.
Figure 22	Reduced shank dia			

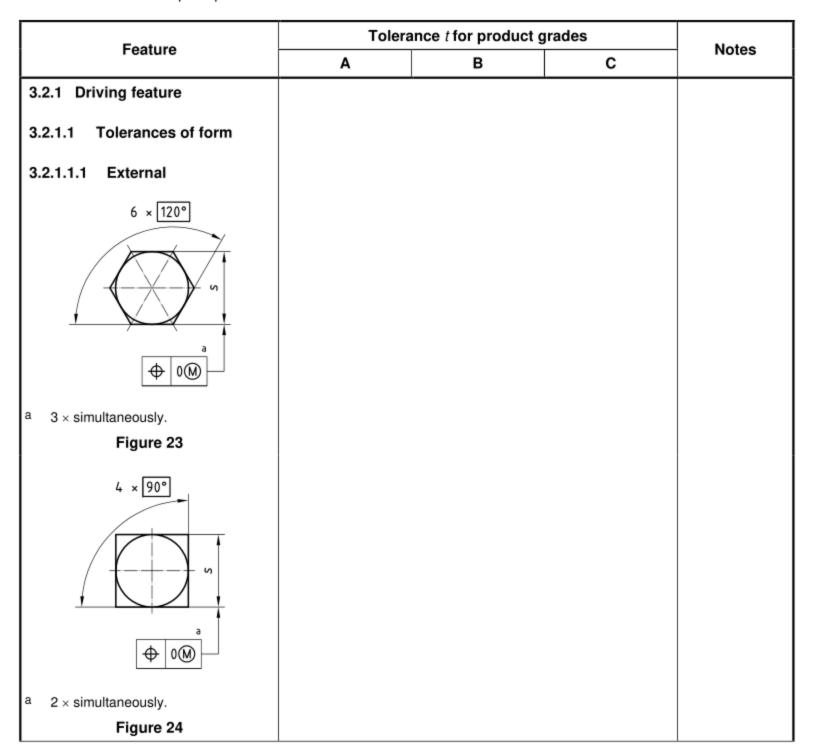
3.2 Geometrical tolerances

In accordance with ISO 1101 and ISO 2692 the tolerances specified in Figures 23 to 57 do not necessarily imply the use of any particular method of production, measurement or gauging.

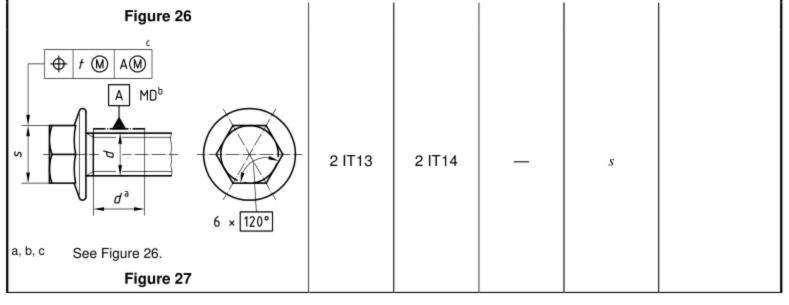
When the pitch diameter axis is specified as the datum and the coaxiality deviation of the major diameter axis relative to the pitch diameter axis is negligible, e.g. normally with rolled threads, the major diameter axis may be taken as the datum.

According to ISO 1101 when the datum is the thread axis the letters MD indicate that the datum reference is the major diameter axis.

The maximum material principle in accordance with ISO 2692 is used.



	Tolerance	Tolerance t for product grades			
Feature	Α	В	С	based on dimensions	Notes
3.2.1.1.2 Internal				1	
e 0(M)					
6 × 120° a 3 × simultaneously.					
a 3 × simultaneously. Figure 25					
3.2.1.2 Tolerances of position					
A MDb A MDb 6 × 120°	2 IT13	2 IT14	2 IT15	S	0,5 <i>d</i> max.
The datum A shall be as close to the head as possible but within 0,5d distance of the head and shall be either wholly plain or wholly threaded but shall not include the thread run-out or underhead fillet.					
 MD means that tolerance applies in relation 3 × simultaneously. 	to the axis of t	he cylinder de	rived from the	major thread di	ameter.



	Tolerance	Tolerance t for product grades			
Feature	Α	В	С	based on dimensions	Notes
A MDb A MDb 6 × 120°	2 IT13	_	_	d	
a, b, c See Figure 26					
Figure 28					
# # M AM A	2 IT13	_	_	d	
a, b, c See Figure 26.					
Figure 29	2 IT13	_	_	d	
a, b, c See Figure 26. Figure 30					
1 iguie 00					

	Tolerance	t for produ	ct grades	Tolerance t	
Feature	Α	В	С	based on dimensions	Notes
b, c See Figure 26.	2 IT12		_	d	
a, b See Figure 26 Figure 31 A MDb A MDb A MDb Figure 32	2 IT12	2 IT13	2 IT14	d	
a, b See Figure 26. Figure 33	2 IT12	2 IT13	2 IT14	d	
a, b See Figure 26. Figure 34	2 IT12	2 IT13	2 IT14	d	

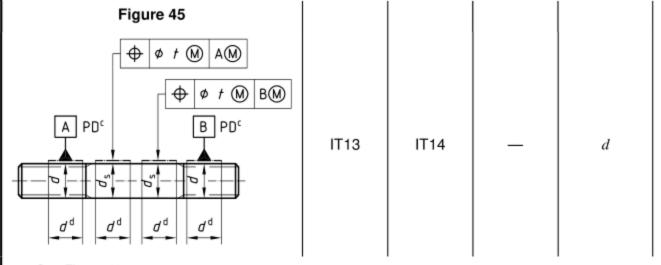
Г		Tolerance	e t for produ	ct grades	Tolerance t	
	Feature	A	В	С	based on dimensions	Notes
b	See Figure 26.	2 IT12		_	d	
	Figure 35					
	A MDb	2 IT13		_	d	
a, b	See Figure 26.		'	•		'
С	For referee purposes coaxiality of cross receivith ISO 4757.	ess shall be as	sessed by me	ans of a pene	tration gauge po	oint in accordance
	Figure 36	2 IT13	_	_	d	
a, b	See Figure 26.					
С	See Figure 36.					
	Figure 37					

	Tolerance	t for produ	ct grades	Tolerance t	
Feature	A	В	С	based on dimensions	Notes
3.2.2 Other features					
3.2.2.1 Tolerances of position and run-out					
A MDb A da	2 IT13	2 IT14	2 IT15	d_{k}	
a, b See Figure 26. Figure 38					
A MDb A da	2 IT13	2 IT14	_	$d_{\mathbb{C}}$	
a, b See Figure 26.					
Figure 39	2 IT13	2 IT14	2 IT15	d	
c PD means that the tolerance applies in relat	ion to the axis	derived from t	he pitch diame	eter. I	I
Figure 40					

	Factoria	Tolerance t for product grades			Tolerance t	Notes
	Feature	Α	A B C		based on dimensions	Notes
С	A PD ^c See Figure 40.	IT13 ^d 2 IT13 ^e		_	d	d For set screws. e For all other products.
	Figure 41					
	A PD ^c	IT13	_	_	d	
С	See Figure 40.					
	Figure 42	IT13		_	d	
С	See Figure 40.					
	Figure 43					

Feature	Tolerance	t for produ	ct grades	Tolerance t	Notes
reature	Α	В	С	dimensions	Notes
C See Figure 40.	2 IT13	2 IT14	2 IT15	d	
Figure 44					
Ø f M AM A PD ^c d ^d d ^d d ^d	IT13	IT14	IT15	d	

- c See Figure 40.
- The gauge datum feature A shall be as close to the respective part of the shank as possible but shall avoid the thread run-out.



- c See Figure 40.
- d The gauge datum features A and B shall be as close to the respective part of the shank as possible but shall avoid the thread run-out.

Figure 46

Feature	Tolerance	e t for produ	ct grades	Tolerance t	Notes
reature	Α	В	С	dimensions	
3.2.2.2 Tolerances of straightness					
<u></u> φ t ω <u>d</u>			05)		
MD ^b ≤ 8	t = 0,002	21 + 0,05	, + 0, + 0,		
>8	t = 0,002	51 + 0,05	002/		
			$d \le 8$: $t = 2(0,002l + 0,05)$ d > 8: $t = 2(0,002 5l + 0,05)$		
b See Figure 26. Figure 47					
Ø f M MD ^b			= 2(0,002 <i>l</i> + 0,05) 2(0,002 5 <i>l</i> + 0,05)		
	t = 0.002	21 + 0,05	2 5/ +		
>8	t = 0,002 5l + 0,05				
/			$d \le 8$: $t = 2(0,002l + 0,05)$ d > 8: $t = 2(0,002 5l + 0,05)$		
b See Figure 26.			7 9		
Figure 48					
$- \phi + \omega$. 0.00	2, 005			
MD _p		21 + 0,05			
> 8	t = 0,002	5 <i>l</i> + 0,05	_		
			_		
b See Figure 26.					
Figure 49					

	Toleranc	e t for produ	Tolerance t		
 Feature	Tolerand			based on	Notes
	A	В	С	dimension d	
b See Figure 26.			$d \le 8$: $t = 2(0,002l + 0,05)$ d > 8: $t = 2(0,002 5l + 0,05)$		
Figure 50					
3.2.2.3 Tolerance of total run-out	,	04		1,6	For product grades A and B
- 88 t A	0,	,04		2	tolerance t is
J J T A				2,5	calculated as follows:
A MD ^b	0,08		_	3	≤ M 39:
				3,5	$t = 1,2 d \cdot \tan 1^{\circ}$ > M 39:
				4	$t = 1,2 d \cdot \tan 0,5^{\circ}$
	0,15			5	For product
d s			0,3	6	grade C tolerance t is
a, b See Figure 26.	,		,,,,	7	twice as much.
C Up to 0,8s diameter only.	0	17	0,34	8	
Figure 51		21	0,42	10	
,		25	0,50	12	
AR t A		29	0,58	14	
		34	0,68	16	
A MD⁵	0,	38	0,76	18	
	0,	42	0,84	20	
	0,	46	0,92	22	
	0,	50	1,00	24	
	0,	57	1,14	27	
a, b See Figure 26.	0,	63	1,26	30	
$^{\circ}$ Up to 0,8 $d_{\rm k}$ diameter only.		69	1,38	33	
		76	1,52	36	
Figure 52		82	1,64	39	
		44	0,88	42	
		47	0,94	45	
		50	1	48	
	0,	55	1,1	52	

	Tolerance	t for produ	for product grades T		
Feature	A	В	С	based on dimension	Notes
c	0.	04	_	1,6	
- ZA t A				2	
A MDb				2,5	
T	0.	08		3	
	-,			3,5	
			0,3	4	
d ₉				5	
	0,	15		6	
a, b See Figure 26.				7	
C Up to 0,8 dk diameter only.	0,17		0,34	8	
Figure 53	0,	21	0,42	10	See Figures 51
	0,	25	0,50	12	and 52
AR t A	0,	29	0,58	14	
	0,	34	0,68	16	In case of flange bolts, tolerances
A MDb	0,	38	0,76	18	apply to type F
	0,	42	0,84	20	and type U.
	0,	46	0,92	22	
	0,	50	1,00	24	
	0,	57	1,14	27	
a, b See Figure 26.	0,	63	1,26	30	
C Line of highest points on any radial line.	0,	69	1,38	33	
Figure 54	0,76		1,52	36	
, iguio or	0,	82	1,64	39	
	0,	44	0,88	42	
	0,	47	0,94	45	
	0,	50	1	48	
	0,	55	1,1	52	

F	Tolerance	Tolerance t for product grades			Notes
Feature	Α	В	С	based on dimensions	Notes
A MDb da	For t s	ee Figures 5	1 to 54	Basis for <i>t</i> see Figures 51 to 54	
a, b See Figure 26. C See Figure 51.					
Figure 55					
A MDb AA t A					For dog points only, not for pilot points
a, b See Figure 26. C Up to Ø 0.8d₂ only					
© Up to Ø 0,8d _p only Figure 56					

Facture	Tolerance	e t for produ	ct grades	Tolerance t	Natas
Feature	Α	В	С	based on dimensions	Notes
3.2.2.4 Permissible deviation from the form of bearing face					
X					
X × v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v		0,005 d		d	
radial lines between $d_{\rm amax}$ and $d_{\rm wmin}$. d According to product standard.					
Figure 57					

4 Tolerances for metric nuts

4.1 Dimensional tolerances

NOTE Symbols and designations of dimensions are specified in ISO 225.

Feature	Tolera	Notes		
	Α	В	С	Hotes
4.1.1 Tolerance level				
Bearing surface	close	close	wide	
Other features	close	wide	wide	
4.1.2 Internal thread	6H	6H	7H	
≥ 0,5 m _{max} ≥ 0,5 m _{max}	For all nuts of he shall be within th minimum of 0,5 /	For certain products and coatings, other tolerance classes may be specified in the relevant product and coating standards.		
p	For all nuts of he diameter shall be for a minimum of			
≥ 0,35 <i>d</i> ≥ 0,35 <i>d</i>	For prevailing tor may exceed the mum height of 0, which does not c feature.			
a Profile varies for different types of prevailing torque type nuts.				
Figure 58				

Feature		Tolera	nce for product	grades	Notes
reature	,	A	В	С	Notes
4.1.3 Driving features					
4.1.3.1 Width across flats					
Figure 59	s ≤ 30 > 30	Toler- ance h13 h14	s ≤ 18 > 18 ≤ 60 > 60 ≤ 180 > 180	Tolerance h14 h15 h16 h17	
Figure 60	See fig	gure 59	See fig		
4.1.3.2 Width across corners Figure 61					
Figure 62					

	Tolera	nce for product	grades	
Feature	Α	В	С	Notes
4.1.4 Other features 4.1.4.1 Height of nuts				
	$d \le 12$ mm: h14 12 mm $< d \le 18$ mm: h15 $d > 18$ mm: h16			For slotted nuts
			h17	and castle nuts see 4.1.5.1
Figure 63				
Prevailing torque type nuts (with non-metallic insert)				
- h				
Prevailing torque type all metal hexagon nuts	Tolerance of h, s standards	ee product		
h				
Figure 64				

Feature	Tolera	Natas		
reature	A B C		Notes	
4.1.4.2 Wrenching height	$m_{\rm w}^{\rm a}_{\rm min}$ = 0,8 $m_{\rm min}$			$m_{ m W}$ defines the length over which $e_{ m min}$ applies but excluding any chamfer or washer face specified in the appropriate product standard.
Figure 65		The symbol $m_{\rm W}$ replaces the previously used m' .		
		$\int_{\text{min}} -\left(x + \frac{d_{\text{w min}} - e}{2}\right)$ $\int_{\text{min}} c_{\text{min}} \times 1,25 \text{ or } c_{\text{min}}$	7.3	$^{\rm a}$ The formulae for $m_{ m W\ min}$ only apply to the products illustrated.
m ₂	δ is the flange an			b For gauging
		m , $d_{\mathbf{W}}$, e and δ a	re in accordance	b For gauging, see annex A of the product standards.
Figure 66		A D M W		otanda do.

Feature	Toleran	Notes			
	Α	В	С	Notes	
4.1.4.3 Bearing for and height of wash	ace diameter er-faced portion	$d_{\text{W min}} = s_{\text{min}} - \text{IT16}$ $d_{\text{W min}} = 0.95 s_{\text{min}}$ for $d_{\text{W max}} = s_{\text{actual}}$			
		Thread c		?	
	++ γ [*]	diameter	min.	max.	
×	a 0,1	≥ 1,6 to 2,5 > 2,5 to 4 > 4 to 6 > 6 to 14 > 14 to 36 > 36	0,10 0,15 0,15 0,15 0,2 0,3	0,25 0,40 0,50 0,60 0,8 1,0	Requirements apply to both sides of symmetrical parts.
a Reference datum f	or d _w				
Figu	re 67				
	0,1	$d_{ m Wmin}$ for hexagon nuts with flange in accordance with product standards			
×	»p				
	X				
Figu	re 68				

Facture		Tolerance for product grades			Notes	
Feature		A	В	С	Notes	
α α		$5 \text{ mm} < d$ $d_{\text{a max}} =$ $d > 8 \text{ mm} : d_{\text{a}}$	$a_{\text{max}} = 1,15d$ $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$: d + 0,75 $a_{\text{max}} = 1,08d$ $a_{\text{min}} = d$		Requirements apply to both sides of symmetrical parts.	
a a						
a a						
α = 90° to 120°						
Figure 69						
4.1.5 Special products						
4.1.5.1 Castle nuts, slotted nuts						
b w						
	de	h14	h15	h16		
-	m	h14	h15	h17		
-	n	H14	H14	H15		
	w	h14	h15	h17		
- W	m_{W}	(see ISO 4032)	r hexagon nuts st	yie i		
Figure 70						

4.2 Geometrical tolerances

In accordance with ISO 1101 and ISO 2692 the tolerances specified in Figures 71 to 83 do not necessarily imply the use of any particular method of production, measurement or gauging.

Where the nut thread is used as the datum the pitch diameter shall be the reference diameter.

The maximum material principle in accordance with ISO 2692 is used.

Feature	Tolera	Natas		
	Α	В	С	Notes
4.2.1 Driving features				
4.2.1.1 Tolerances of form				
₩ 0W				
~				
6 × 120°				
a $3 \times \text{simultaneously}$.				
Figure 71				
⊕ 0 M				
4 × 90° a 2 × simultaneously.				
Figure 72				

Feature	Tolerance t for product grades			Tolerance t	Notes
reature	Α	В	С	based on dimensions	Notes
4.2.1.2 Tolerances of position	2 IT13	2 IT14	2 IT15	S	
Figure 73 The property of th	2 IT13	2 IT14	_	S	
a 2 × simultaneously. Figure 75	2 IT13	2 IT14	2 IT15	s	

	Toleranc	e t for produc	ct grades	Tolerance t	
Feature	Α	В	С	based on dimensions	Notes
4.2.2 Other features					
4.2.2.1 Tolerances of position					
Figure 76	2 IT14	2 IT15	_	$d_{\mathtt{C}}$	
Figure 77	2 IT13	2 IT14	2 IT15	d	
Figure 78	2 IT13	2 IT14	_	d_{k}	

	Toleranc	e t for produ	ct grades	Tolerance t	
Feature	Α	В	С	dimension	Notes
	(d	
4.2.2.2 Tolerance of total run-out	0.1	04		1,6	For
a	0,	04		2	symmetrical parts the
A A A				2,5	perpendicularity
	0.1	08	_	3	requirement shall apply for
	0,	00		3,5	both faces.
				4	
	0,	15	0,3	5	
				6	
a Up to 0,8s diameter only.				7	
Figure 79	0,	17	0,34	8	
	0,	21	0,42	10	
- ZA t A	0,	25	0,50	12	
	0,	29	0,58	14	
1	0,	34	0,68	16	
~ 	0,	38	0,76	18	
<u>'</u>	0,	42	0,84	20	
	0,	46	0,92	22	
a Up to \varnothing 0,8 s only.	0,	50	1	24	
Figure 80	0,	57	1,14	27	
a	0,	63	1,26	30	
A ZA T A	0,	69	1,38	33	
	0,	76	1,52	36	
8	0,	82	1,64	39	
	0,	44	0,88	42	
	0,	47	0,94	45	
a Up to \emptyset 0,8 d_k only.	0,	50	1	48	
Figure 81	0,	55	1,1	52	

Facture	Tolerar	Tolerance t for product grades				
Feature	A	В	С	Notes		
A A A	For t see val	ues for Figures 79	9, 80 and 81.			
 a Line of highest points on any radial line. Figure 82 						
4.2.2.3 Permissible deviation from the shape of bearing face X According to product standard.	0,0	05 <i>d</i>				
Figure 83						

5 Tolerances for tapping screws

5.1 Dimensional tolerances — Product grade A

Symbols and designations of dimensions are specified in ISO 225.

Feature	Tolerance	Notes
5.1.1 Thread	see ISO 1478	
5.1.2 Driving features		
5.1.2.1 External		
5.1.2.1.1 Width across flats		
	h13	
Figure 84		
5.1.2.1.2 Width across corners		
e	e _{min} = 1,12 s _{min}	
Figure 85		
5.1.2.1.3 Height of head	For tolerances see ISO 1479	For tapping screws with hexagon flange head and hexagon washer head see ISO 7053 and ISO 10509 respectively.
Figure 86		

Feature	Toler	ance	Notes
5.1.2.1.4 Wrenching height	kw min = 0,7 kmin		For tapping screws with hexagon flange head and hexagon washer head see ISO 7053 and ISO 10509 respectively. The symbol $k_{\rm W}$ replaces the previously used k' .
Figure 87 5.1.2.2 Internal			
5.1.2.2.1 Width of slots			
	n	Tolerance a	^a Tolerance field
7° max.	≤ 1	+ 0,20 + 0,06	C13 for $n \le 1$
	> 1 ≤ 3	+ 0,31 + 0,06	014101 1121
	> 3 ≤ 6	+ 0,37 + 0,07	
Figure 88			
5.1.2.2.2 Depth of slots			
	The depth of slots is specified in product standards.		
Figure 89			

Feature	Tolerance	Notes
5.1.2.2.3 Cross recesses	See ISO 4757 for all dimensions except penetration depths. For penetration depths see appropriate product standard.	
5.1.2.2.4 Hexalobular recess	See ISO 10664 for all dimensions except penetration depths. For penetration depths see appropriate product standard.	
5.1.3 Other features		
5.1.3.1 Head diameters		
	h14	
		Combined control of diameter and height for countersunk head screws as specified in ISO 7721.
Figure 90 5.1.3.2 Head height		
5.1.3.2 Head height	h14	
Figure 91		
	For countersunk head screws k is defined in product standards only as a maximum.	Combined control of diameter and height for countersunk head screws as specified in ISO 7721.
Figure 92		

Fe	ature	Tole	rance	Notes
5.1.3.3 Length				
		Types 0	Tolerance ± 0,8 ± 1,3	
Ту	ре С	Тур	oe F	
		l	Tolerance	
AMMA		≤ 19	0 - 0,8	
	/	> 19 ≤ 38	0 - 1,3	
Type R	Туре F	> 38	0 -1,5	
Figu	ure 93			

5.2 Geometrical tolerances — Product grade A

In accordance with ISO 1101 and ISO 2692 the tolerances of form and position indicated in Figures 94 to 104 do not necessarily imply the use of any particular method of production, measurement or gauging.

Where a tapping screw thread is indicated either as the datum or as the toleranced feature the axis shall be determined from the major diameter of the thread.

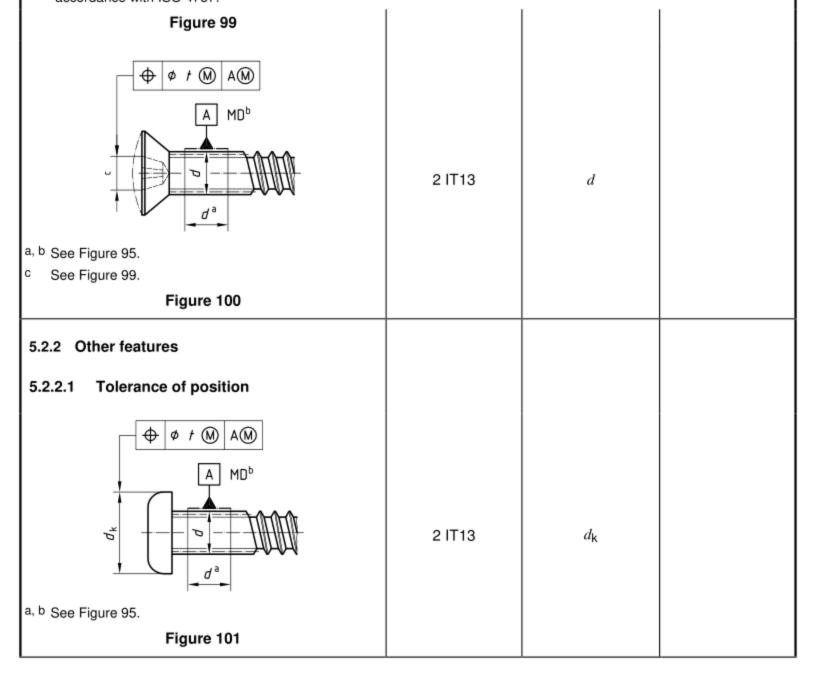
The maximum material principle in accordance with ISO 2692 is used.

Feature	Tolerance t	Tolerance t based on dimension	Notes
5.2.1 Driving features			
5.2.1.1 Tolerance of form			
6 × 120°			
a 3 × simultaneously.			
5.2.1.2 Tolerances of position			
A MDb A MDb 6 × 120°	2 IT13	S	1P max.
The datum A shall be as close to the head as possible run-out or underhead fillet. AD respect to the head as possible run-out or underhead fillet.			
MD means that tolerance applies in relation to the axis ISO 1101.	of the cylinder derived	from the major thread	diameter according to
c 3 × simultaneously. Figure 95			

Tolerance t	Tolerance t based on dimension	Notes
2 IT12	d	
2 IT12	d	
2 IT12	d	
	2 IT12	2 IT12 d

Feature	Tolerance t	Tolerance t based on dimension	Notes
A MDb A da	2 IT13	d	
a, b See Figure 95.	-		

For referee purposes assessment of co-axiality of cross recess features shall be by means of a penetration gauge point in accordance with ISO 4757.



Feature	Tolerance t	Tolerance t based on dimension	Notes
5.2.2.2 Total run-out		d	Tolerance t calculated as follows: $t \approx 1,2 \ d \times \tan 2^{\circ}$
a, b See Figure 95.			
C Up to 0,8s diameter only.			
a, b See Figure 95. c up to 0,8 d _k diameter only. Figure 103	d t ST2,2 0,08 ST2,9 0,16 ST3,5 0,16 ST4,2 0,16 ST4,8 0,3 ST5,5 0,3 ST6,3 0,3 ST6,3 0,3 ST8 0,34 ST9,5 0,42	d	
b See Figure 95. Figure 104	t = 0,003l + 0,05		for <i>l</i> ≤ 20 <i>d</i>

Annex A (informative)

Tolerances

Numerical values of IT tolerance grades are given in Table A.1 and the limit deviations for shafts and for holes are given in Tables A.2 and A.3 respectively. These tolerances are taken from ISO 286-1 and ISO 286-2.

Table A.1 — Numerical values of standard tolerance grades IT for basic sizes up to 500 mm

Nominal o	dimension	Standard tolerance grades					
>	< <	IT12	IT13	IT14	IT15	IT16	IT17
				Tolera	nces		
	3	0,1	0,14	0,25	0,4	0,6	1
3	6	0,12	0,18	0,3	0,48	0,75	1,2
6	10	0,15	0,22	0,36	0,58	0,9	1,5
10	18	0,18	0,27	0,43	0,7	1,1	1,8
18	30	0,21	0,33	0,52	0,84	1,3	2,1
30	50	0,25	0,39	0,62	1	1,6	2,5
50	80	0,3	0,46	0,74	1,2	1,9	3
80	120	0,35	0,54	0,87	1,4	2,2	3,5
120	180	0,4	0,63	1	1,6	2,5	4
180	250	0,46	0,72	1,15	1,85	2,9	4,6
250	315	0,52	0,81	1,3	2,1	3,2	5,2
315	400	0,57	0,89	1,4	2,3	3,6	5,7
400	500	0,63	0,97	1,55	2,5	4	6,3

Table A.2 — Limit deviations for shafts

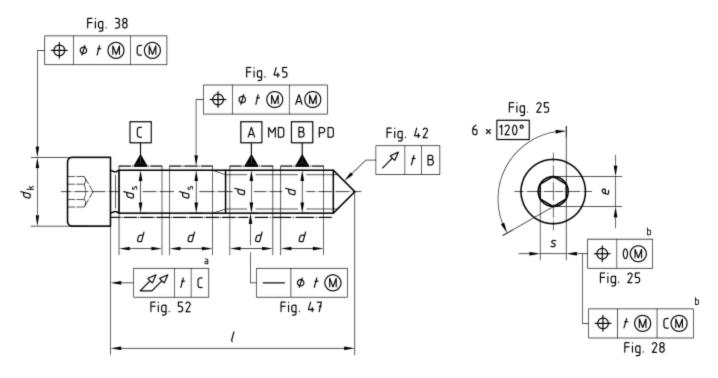
Nominal dimension		Limit deviations										
>	< <	h13	h14	h15	h16	h17	js14	js15	js16	js17		
	3	0 -0,14	0 - 0,25	0 - 0,4	0 - 0,6	0 - 1	± 0,125	± 0,2	± 0,3	± 0,5		
3	6	0 - 0,18	0 - 0,3	0 - 0,48	0 - 0,75	0 - 1,2	± 0,15	± 0,24	± 0,375	± 0,6		
6	10	0 - 0,22	0 - 0,36	0 - 0,58	0 - 0,9	0 - 1,5	± 0,18	± 0,29	± 0,45	± 0,75		
10	18	0 - 0,27	0 - 0,43	0 - 0,7	0 - 1,1	0 - 1,8	± 0,215	± 0,35	± 0,55	± 0,9		
18	30	0 - 0,33	0 - 0,52	0 - 0,84	0 - 1,3	0 - 2,1	± 0,26	± 0,42	± 0,65	± 1,05		
30	50	0 - 0,39	0 - 0,62	0 - 1	0 - 1,6	0 - 2,5	± 0,31	± 0,5	± 0,8	± 1,25		
50	80	0 - 0,46	0 - 0,74	0 - 1,2	0 - 1,9	0 - 3,0	± 0,37	± 0,6	± 0,95	± 1,5		
80	120	0 - 0,54	0 - 0,87	0 - 1,4	0 - 2,2	0 - 3,5	± 0,435	± 0,7	± 1,1	± 1,75		
120	180	0 - 0,63	0 - 1	0 - 1,6	0 - 2,5	0 - 4	± 0,5	± 0,8	± 1,25	± 2		
180	250	0 - 0,72	0 - 1,15	0 - 1,85	0 - 2,9	0 - 4,6	± 0,575	± 0,925	± 1,45	± 2,3		
250	315	0 - 0,81	0 - 1,3	0 - 2,1	0 - 3,2	0 - 5,2	± 0,65	± 1,05	± 1,6	± 2,6		
315	400	0 - 0,89	0 - 1,4	0 - 2,3	0 - 3,6	0 - 5,7	± 0,7	± 1,15	± 1,8	± 2,85		
400	500	0 - 0,97	0 - 1,55	0 - 2,5	0 - 4	0 - 6,3	± 0,775	± 1,25	± 2	± 3,15		

Table A.3 — Limit deviations for holes

Nomi dimen		Limit deviations												
>	<	C13	C14	D9	D10	D11	D12	EF8	11	E12	H14	H15	JS9	К9
	3	+ 0,2 + 0,06	+ 0,31	+ 0,045 + 0,02	+ 0,06 + 0,02	+ 0,08 + 0,02	+ 0,12 + 0,02	+ 0,024 + 0,01	+ 0,074 + 0,014	+ 0,114 + 0,014	+ 0,25 0	+ 0,4	± 0,012 5	0 - 0,025
3	6	+ 0,25 + 0,07	+ 0,37 + 0,07	+ 0,06 + 0,03	+ 0,078 + 0,03	+ 0,105 + 0,03	+ 0,15 + 0,03	+ 0,032 + 0,014	+ 0,095 + 0,02	+ 0,14 + 0,02	+ 0,3	+ 0,48	± 0,015	0 - 0,03
6	10					+ 0,13 + 0,04	+ 0,19 + 0,04	+ 0,04 + 0,018	+ 0,115 + 0,025	+ 0,175 + 0,025	+ 0,36 0	+ 0,58 0	± 0,018	0 - 0,036
10	18						+ 0,23 + 0,05		+ 0,142 + 0,032	+ 0,212 + 0,032	+ 0,43 0	+ 0,7 0		
18	30						+ 0,275 + 0,065				+ 0,52 0	+ 0,84 0		
30	50						+ 0,33 + 0,08				+ 0,62 0	+ 1		
50	80						+ 0,4 + 0,1				+ 0,74 0	+ 1,2 0		
80	120						+ 0,47 + 0,12				+ 0,87 0	+ 1,4 0		
120	180										+ 1	+ 1,6 0		
180	250										+ 1,15 0	+ 1,85 0		
250	315										+ 1,3 0	+ 2,1 0		
315	400										+ 1,4 0	+ 2,3 0		
400	500										+ 1,55 0	+ 2,5 0		

Annex B (informative)

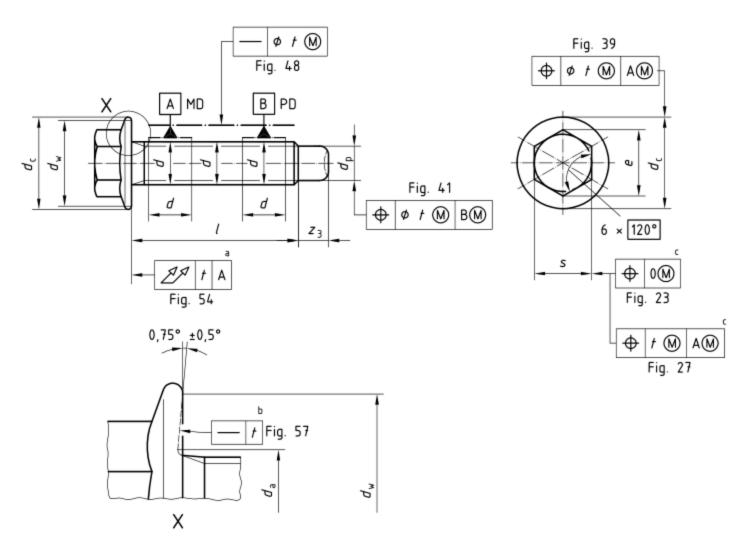
Examples of dimensioned and toleranced fasteners



a Up to 0,8 d_k diameter only.

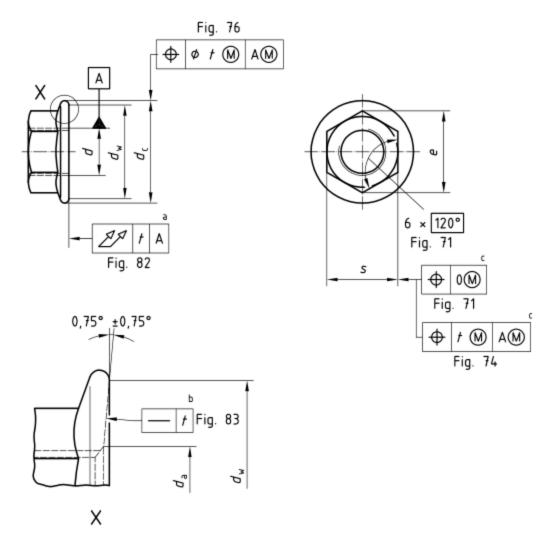
Figure B.1 — Hexagon socket head cap screw with shank and cone point

b 3 x simultaneously.



- a Line of highest points on any radial line.
- b Radial lines between $d_{\rm a\; max}$ and $d_{\rm w\; min}$.
- c 3 x simultaneously.

Figure B.2 — Hexagon head bolt with flange and pilot point



- a Line of highest points on any radial line.
- b Radial lines between $d_{\rm a \; max}$ and $d_{\rm w \; min}$.
- $^{\text{C}}$ 3 × simultaneously.

Figure B.3 — Hexagon nut with flange

Annex C (informative)

Examples of gauges and other measuring devices

C.1 Application

This annex gives examples of gauges and other measuring devices which can verify whether the tolerances specified in this part of ISO 4759 are satisfied.

The thread of gauges and measuring devices shall be within the limits for GO gauges. Guides shall have such an accuracy that errors due to the guides during inspection are negligible compared to the workpiece tolerance t (e.g. less than 10 % of t).

If the datum is not associated with the maximum material requirements, indicated by M, the following applies:

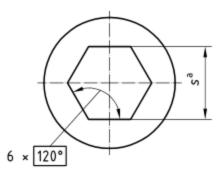
- when the datum is an external thread, the major diameter axis (MD) or the pitch diameter axis (PD) is the datum as specified in this part of ISO 4759. When the datum is the major diameter, the part may be fixed in a 3 jaw chuck;
- when the datum is an internal thread, in the examples of this annex the nut is tightened against a conical spring washer. Another possibility is to use a tapered threaded mandrel for this purpose;
- when the datum is a plain shaft or a tapping screw thread it may be fixed in a 3 jaw chuck regardless of the feature size;

C.2 Gauges and other measuring devices

NOTE All gauges given in this annex are GO gauges. Diameter d_g , if existant, should be chosen by the gauge manufacturer.

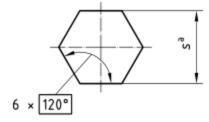
The gauges and measuring devices given in this annex are intended for the verification of geometrical tolerances specified in 3.2, 4.2 and 5.2.

Each gauge and measuring device is allocated to one or more figures in the main body of this part of ISO 4759 in order to make clear which tolerance is verified by which gauge or measuring device.



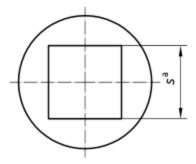
Maximum material size.

Figure C.1 — Gauge for verifying form tolerance specified in Figures 23, 71 and 94



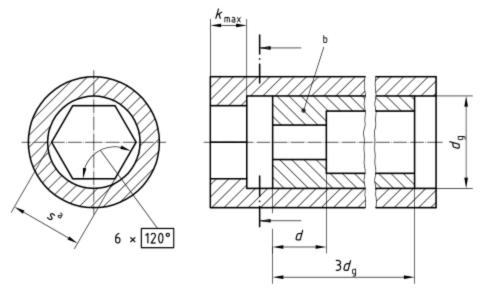
a Maximum material size.

Figure C.2 — Gauge for verifying form tolerance specified in figure 25



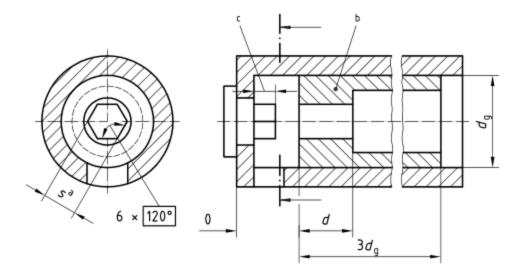
a Maximum material size.

Figure C.3 — Gauge for verifying form tolerance specified in Figures 24 and 72



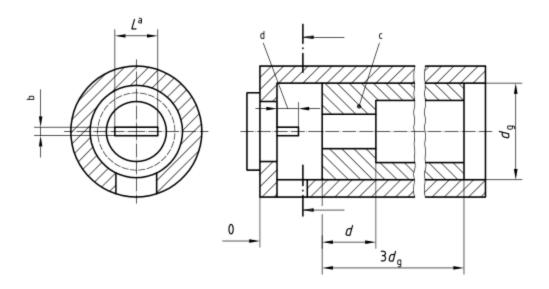
- a Maximum material size + t.
- b The GO gauge is a plain hole of maximum material size.

Figure C.4 — Gauge for verifying position tolerance specified in Figures 26, 27 and 95



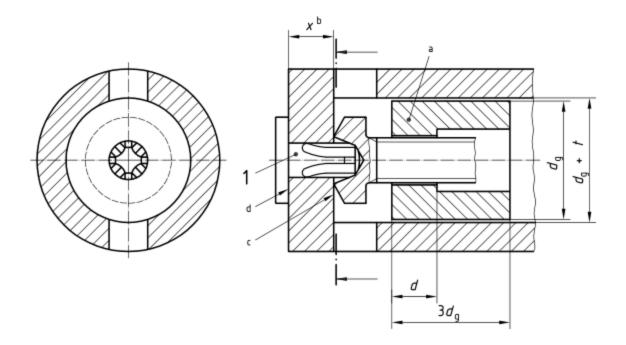
- a Maximum material size t.
- b The GO gauge is a plain hole of maximum material size.
- c Minimum socket depth.

Figure C.5 — gauge for verifying position tolerance specified in Figures 28, 29, 30 and 31



- a L > s (see Figures 32 and 98); $L > d_k$ (see Figures 33, 34, 96 and 97); L > d (see Figure 35).
- b Maximum material size t.
- c The GO gauge is a plain hole of maximum material size.
- d Minimum slot depth.

Figure C.6 — Gauge for verifying position tolerance specified in Figures 32, 33, 34, 35, 96, 97 and 98

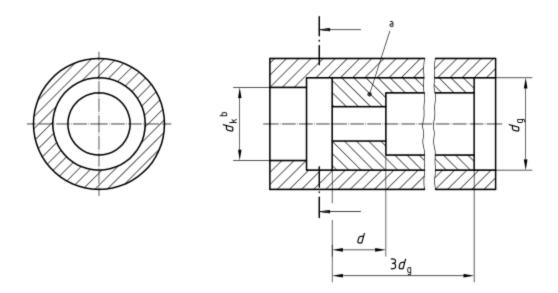


1 Gauge pin in accordance with ISO 4757

NOTE This gauge does not check the size of the recess, e.g. an oversized cross recess is not recognized.

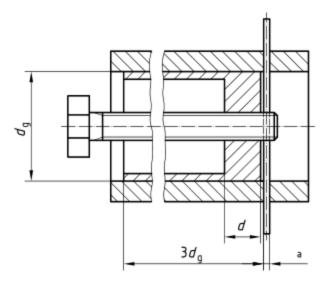
- a The GO gauge is a plain hole of maximum material size.
- b x is a function of length of gauge pin and the required penetration of the recess.
- c First contact.
- d Contact shall be achieved.

Figure C.7 — Gauge for verifying position tolerance specified in Figures 36, 37, 99 and 100



- a The GO gauge is a plain hole of maximum material size.
- b Maximum material size + t.

Figure C.8 — Gauge for verifying position tolerance specified in Figures 38, 39 and 101



a Maximum material size – t

Figure C.9 — Gauge for verifying position tolerance specified in Figure 40

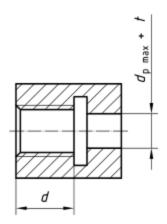
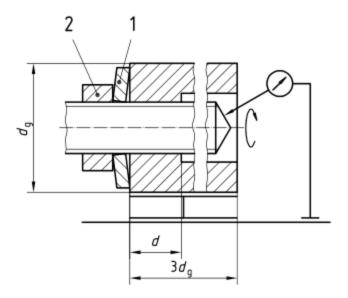


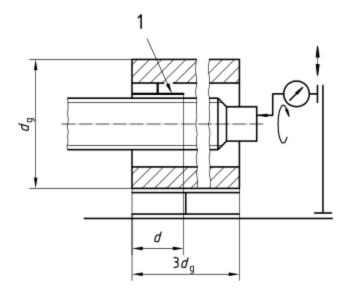
Figure C.10 — Gauge for verifying position tolerance specified in Figure 41



Key

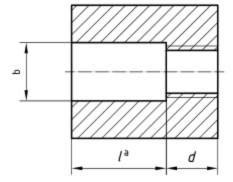
- 1 Gauge conical spring washer
- 2 Gauge counter nut

Figure C.11 — Measuring device for verifying run-out specified in Figures 42 and 43



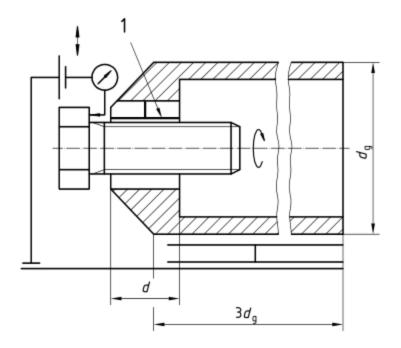
1 Three jaw chuck

Figure C.12 — Measuring device for verifying total run-out specified in Figure 56



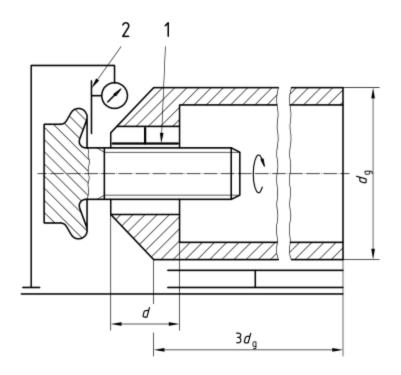
- a / depends on the distance between the datum feature and the end of the toleranced feature.
- b Maximum material size + t.

Figure C.13 — Gauge for verifying position tolerance specified in Figures 44, 45 and 46



1 Three jaw chuck

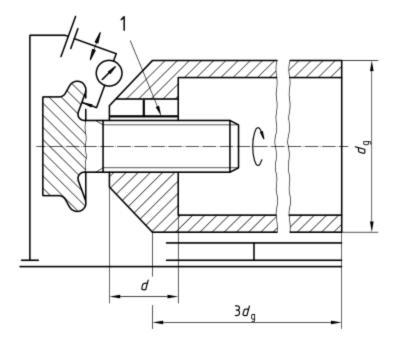
Figure C.14 — measuring device for verifying perpendicularity (total run-out) specified in Figures 51, 52, 53, 55, 102 and 103



Key

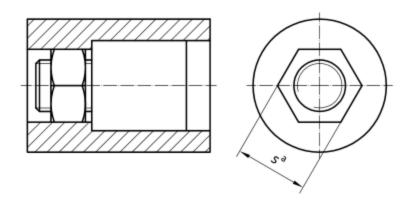
- 1 Three jaw chuck
- 2 Straight edge anvil

Figure C.15 — Measuring device for verifying perpendicularity (total run-out) specified in Figure 54



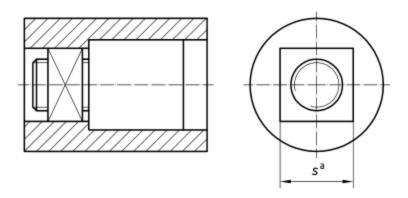
1 Three jaw chuck

Figure C.16 — Measuring device for verifying permissible deviation from the form of bearing face specified in Figure 57



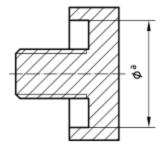
a Maximum material size + t.

Figure C.17 — Gauge for verifying position tolerance specified in Figures 73 and 74



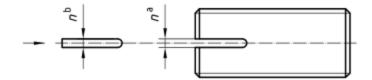
a Max. mat. size + t.

Figure C.18 — Gauge for verifying position tolerance specified in Figure 75



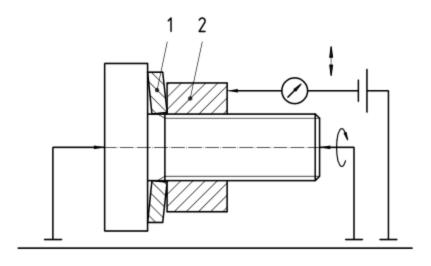
a Max. mat. size + t.

Figure C.19 — Gauge for verifying position tolerance specified in Figures 76 and 78



- a Max. mat. size.
- b Max. mat. size t.

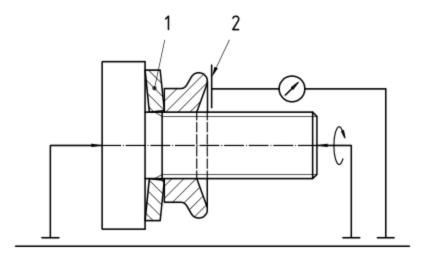
Figure C.20 — Gauge for verifying position tolerance specified in Figure 77



Key

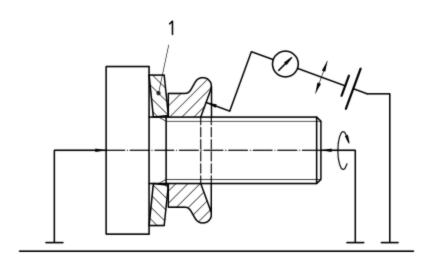
- 1 Gauge conical spring washer
- 2 Fastener

Figure C.21 — measuring device for verifying perpendicularity (total run-out) specified in Figures 79, 80 and 81



- 1 Gauge conical spring washer
- 2 Straight edge anvil

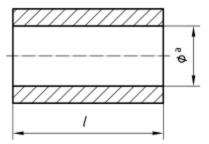
Figure C.22 — Measuring device for verifying perpendicularity (total run-out) specified in Figure 82



Key

Gauge conical spring washer

Figure C.23 — Measuring device for verifying permissible deviation from the form of bearing face specified in Figure 83



a Maximum material size + t.

Figure C.24 — Gauge for verifying straightness specified in Figures 47, 48, 49, 50 and 104